CENSUS

Government Publication

CANADA t a glance





Statistique

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Population, Canada and provinces/territories

	July 1, 1998	July 1, 1999	% change
Newfoundland	545,418	541,000	-0.8
Prince Edward Island	137,028	137,980	0.7
Nova Scotia	936,089	939,791	0.4
New Brunswick	753,454	754,969	0.2
Ouebec	7,322,995	7,345,390	0.3
Ontario	11,384,379	11,513,808	1.1
Manitoba	1,138,035	1,143,509	0.5
Saskatchewan	1,025,203	1,027,780	0.3
Alberta	2,906,870	2,964,689	2.0
British Columbia	3,998,325	4,023,100	0.6
Yukon	31,591	30,633	-3.0
Northwest Territories	41,075	41,606	1.3
Nunavut	26,429	27,039	2.3
Canada	30,246,891	30,491,294	0.8

Population of major census metropolitan areas

	1998	1999	% change
Toronto	4,585,978	4,680,250	2.1
Montreal	3,423,536	3,438,532	0.4
Vancouver	1,999,168	2,016,643	0.9
Ottawa-Hull	1,055,884	1,065,021	0.9
Calgary	903,351	933,748	3.4
Edmonton	914,233	929,145	1.6
Ouébec	686,634	688,085	0.2
Winnipeg	678,141	677,625	-0.1
Hamilton	657,603	665,169	1.2
London	415,891	418,660	0.7

Marital status, 1999

(population 15 years and over)

	Number	%
Single (never married)	7,114,681	29.0
Married*	14,535,881	59.2
Divorced	1,417,136	5.8
Widowed	1,506,231	6.1
Total (15 years and over)	24,573,929	100.0

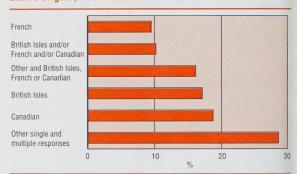
Includes persons legally married, legally married and separated and persons living in common-law unions.

Population by age group¹

	July 1, 1998	July 1, 1999	% change
0-14 years	5,957,336	5,917,365	-0.7
15-24	4,084,463	4,121,648	0.9
25-44	9,759,081	9,722,165	-0.4
45-64	6,716,292	6,939,496	3.3
65+	3,729,719	3,790,620	1.6
Total	30,246,891	30,491,294	0.8

Estimates for 1998 and 1999 are updated postcensal estimates.

Ethnic origins, 1996 Census



Mother tongue, 1996 Census

	Number	%
Total population ¹	28,528,125	100.0
Single responses	28,125,560	98.6
English	16,890,615	59.2
French	6,636,660	23.3
Chinese	715,640	2.5
Italian	484,500	1.7
German	450,140	1.6
Polish	213,410	0.7
Spanish	212,890	0.7
Portuguese	211,290	0.7
Punjabi	201,785	0.7
Ukrainian	162,695	0.6
Arabic	148,555	-0.5
Dutch	133,805	0.5
Other	1,663,580	5.8
Multiple responses	402,560	1.4

Does not include institutional residents.

Families in private households with and without children at home, census

	Number of families		
	1991	1996	% change
Husband-wife families	6,402,090	6,700,355	4.7
with children at home	3,830,265	3,970,580	3.7
without children at home	2,571,825	2,729,775	6.1
Married couple families	5,682,815	5,779,720	1.7
with children at home	3,534,740	3,535,630	0.0
without children at home	2,148,070	2,244,085	4.5
Common-law families	719,275	920,635	28.0
with children at home	295,525	434,950	47.2
without children at home	423,750	485,690	14.6
Lone-parent families	953,640	1,137,505	19.3
Male	165,240	192,275	16.4
Female	788,395	945,235	19.9
Total families	7,355,725	7,837,865	6.6

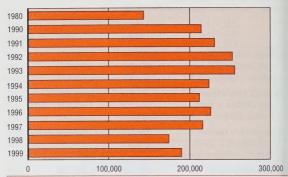
Family size (census)

Over the last 25 years, average family size declined from 3.7 persons in 1971 to 3.1 persons in 1996. Decreases in family size were attributed to declining fertility rates and increasing numbers of lone-parent families.

Religious affiliation in Canada, census

	1951	1971	1991
		%	
Catholic	44.7	47.3	45.7
Roman Catholic	43.3	46.2	45.2
Ukrainian Catholic	1.4	1.1	0.5
Protestant	50.9	44.4	36.2
United Church	20.5	17.5	11.5
Anglican	14.7	11.8	8.1
Presbyterian	5.6	4.0	2.4
Lutheran	3.2	3.3	2.4
Baptist	3.7	3.1	2.5
Pentecostal	0.7	1.0	1.6
Other Protestant	2.5	3.7	7.9
Eastern Orthodox	1.2	1.5	1.4
Jewish	1.5	1.3	1.2
No religion	0.4	4.3	12.5
Other	1.4	1.2	2.9

Immigrant arrivals

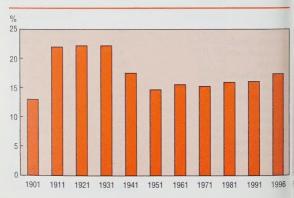


Source: Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

Urban vs. rural population

	1931	1961	1996
		% of population	on
Urban	54	70	78
Rural: farm	31	11	3
Rural: non-farm	15	19	19

Immigrant population as a percentage of total population, census



Institutions, enrolments and teachers

	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99
Institutions			
Elementary-secondary	16,111	16,132	16,215
Community colleges	206	203	199
Universities	77	76	76
Full-time enrolment			
Elementary-secondary	5,433,060	5,459,450	5,496,976
Community college	395,326	396,667	397,725
University	573,635	573,099	578,624
Full-time teachers			
Elementary-secondary	294,431	296,901	
Community college	24,366	24,488	
University	34,613	33,702	33,365

^{..} not available.

Educational attainment, 1999 (population age 15+)

	Males	Females	Total
Number	11,768,300	12,200,800	23,969,000
Education		%	
0-8 years	10.6	11.4	11.0
Some secondary	18.8	18.0	18.4
Graduated from high school	18.3	20.1	19.3
Some postsecondary	8.8	9.1	8.9
Postsecondary certificate or diploma	27.7	27.6	27.7
University degree	15.8	13.8	14.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

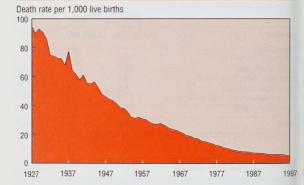
	1995	1996	1997
Bachelor's and first professional degrees		172.751	
Males	53,551	53,043	51,046
Females	73,780	74,946	72,978
Total	127,331	127,989	124,024
Master's degrees			
Males	10,595	10.578	10,303
Females	10,761	10,980	10,655
Total	21,356	21,558	20,958
Earned doctorates			
Males	2,551	2,593	2,519
Females	1,165	1,335	1,395
Total	3,716	3,928	3,914

Life expectancy (years)

	1931	1961	1991	1997 P
Females				
At birth	62.1	74.3	80.9	81.4
20 years	49.8	56.7	61.7	62.1
40 years	33.0	37.5	42.2	42.5
60 years	17.2	19.9	24.0	24.2
80 years	5.9	7.0	9.4	9.4
Males				
At birth	60.0	68.4	74.6	75.8
20 years	49.1	51.5	55.6	56.7
40 years	32.0	33.0	36.8	37.7
60 years	16.3	16.8	19.4	20.0
80 years	5.6	6.2	7.3	7.3

^p Preliminary data.

Infant mortality



Vital statistics

	1996	1997	% change
Live births ¹	366,200	348,598	-4.8
Male	188,145	178,974	-4.9
Female	177.930	169,624	-4.7
Deaths	212.880	215,669	1.3
Male	111,404	111,985	0.5
Female	101,476	103,684	2.2
Marriages	156,691	153,306	-2.2
Divorces	71,528	67,408	-5.8

¹⁹⁹⁶ data include 125 live births of sex unknown.

Exercise¹ frequency

	1998-1999				
	Total ²	Three or more times weekly	Once or twice weekly	Less than once weekly or never	
		thous	ands of peopl	le	
12 years and over	24,916	15,067	4,368	4,687	
12-14 years	1,133	735	176	55	
15-19 years	2,140	1,437	347	283	
20-24 years	1,930	1,293	338	264	
25-34 years	4,125	2,493	873	701	
35-44 years	5,423	3,247	1,028	1,049	
45-54 years	3,986	2,434	723	737	
55-64 years	2,691	1,610	477	548	
65 years and over	3,488	1,818	407	1,051	

^{1.} Exercise includes vigorous activities such as calisthenics, jogging or racquet sports, team sports, dance classes or brisk walking for a period of at least 15 minutes.

Source: Statistics Canada, National Population Health Survey.

Health improvement measures

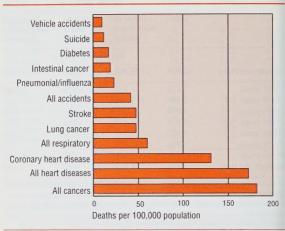
	1996- Both		
	thousands	%	
Total ¹	23,420	100.0	
Nothing	12,213	52.1	
Increase exercise	6,832	29.2	
Lose weight	1,289	5.5	
Improve eating habits	1,191	5.1	
Quit smoking/reduce amount smoked	591	2.5	
Drink less alcohol	67	0.3	
Receive medical treatment	285	1.2	
Take vitamins	197	0.8	
Other	240	1.0	
Not stated	515	2.2	

^{1.} Population 15 years and older.

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 82F0075XCB.

 $^{2. \ \} Components \ may \ not \ add \ to \ total \ as \ frequency \ was \ not \ stated \ for \ up \ to \ 1\% \ of \ respondents.$

Age-standardized* mortality rates, by cause of death, Canada.1997

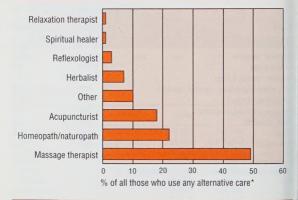


^{*} All values age-standardized to the 1991 Canadian population.

Source: Statistics Canada, Health Statistics Division, Health Indicators, 1999 (Statistics

Canada Cat. No. 82-221-XCB).

Use of alternative health care, by type, age 12+, Canada, 1996–97



^{*} Total exceeds 100% because of multiple responses.

Source: Statistics Canada, National Population Health Survey, 1996–97, special tabulations.

Selected causes of death, 1997

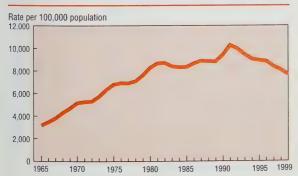
	Number	%	Rate 1
Cancer	58,703	27.2	181.5
Diseases of heart	57,417	26.6	173.0
Cerebrovascular diseases	16,051	7.4	47.8
Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases	9,618	4.5	29.0
Unintentional injuries	8,626	4.0	27.6
Pneumonia and influenza	8,032	3.7	23.7
Diabetes	5,699	2.6	17.4
Suicide	3,681	1.7	12.0
Total deaths	215,669	100.0	658.7

Age-standardized mortality rates expressed as a number of deaths per 100,000 population.

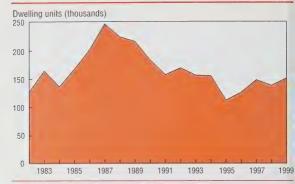
Law enforcement

	1994	1999	% change
Total Criminal Code offences	2,646,209	2,357,771	-10.9
Property crimes	1,524,519	1,300,650	-14.7
Crimes of violence	303,745	291,330	-4.1
Other crimes	817,945	765,791	-6.4
Selected offences			
Homicide	590	536	-9.2
Assault	222,300	221,281	-0.5
Sexual assault	31,706	23,872	-24.7
Robbery	29,010	28,745	-0.9
Break and enter	387,867	318,448	-17.9
Motor vehicle theft	159,469	161,405	1.2
Fraud	103,243	90,568	-12.3
Drugs	60,153	79,871	32.8

Crime rate for Canada



Housing starts in Canada



Source: Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Housing starts

	1997	1998	1999
All areas	147,040	137,439	149,968
Annual % change	17.9	-6.5	9.1
Urban centres			
Single-detached	72,680	68,315	72,819
Semi-detached	10,223	9,291	10,401
Row	16,007	14,613	14,093
Apartment and other	24,311	24,574	29,790
Total	123,221	116,793	127,103

Source: Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Tenure of housing

19881	1997	1998
9,833,000	11,497,760	11,690,030
	%	
61.2	64.1	64.3
30.7	33.4	34.3
30.5	30.8	30.4
38.8	35.9	35.3
56.1	56.6	56.8
8.4	9.7	10.6
33.3	31.5	30.5
2.2	2.2	2.3
	9,833,000 61.2 30.7 30.5 38.8 56.1 8.4 33.3	9,833,000 11,497,760 % 61.2 64.1 30.7 33.4 30.5 30.8 38.8 35.9 56.1 56.6 8.4 9.7 33.3 31.5

^{1 1988} data exclude the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

² In 1988, this category was "mobile home".

usehold facilities

	19881	1997	1998	
	% of households			
tomobile	77.9	66.8	65.3	
ick and van	24.1	30.8	31.9	
lephone	98.4	98.3	98.2	
llular telephone		21.6	26.1	
lour television	95.0	98.6	98.8	
blevision	68.9	75.0	73.2	
deo cassette recorder	51.7	87.3	88.1	
frigerator	99.6	99.8	99.8	
icrowave oven	53.3	88.2	88.7	
shwasher	40.6	48.9	51.1	
r conditioner	20.7	32.1	33.1	
mpact disc player	8.0	64.6	66.5	
ome computer	12.5	39.8	45.1	
ternet		17.2	24.8	

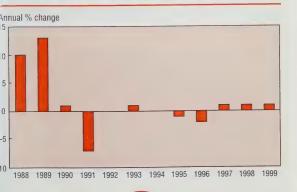
1988 data exclude the Yukon and the Northwest Territories; ... not appropriate or not plicable.

rincipal heating fuel

	19881	1997	1998
	9/	of household	ls
as (piped)	44.4	47.1	47.6
lectricity	32.2	34.0	33.4
or other liquid fuel	18.1	12.5	13.4
Vood	4.3	5.1	4.7
otal	99.0	98.7	99.1

1988 data exclude the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

Canada's New Housing Price Index



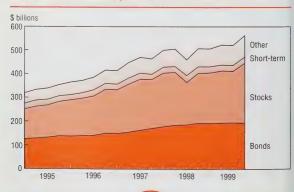
Average income after tax (in 1998 constant dollars)

1998	% change
49,626	8.5
36,051	-3.7
34,846	0.6
40,415	-8.0
51,776	9.7
49,769	10.0
55,074	8.7
69,130	7.6
26,279	11.5
47,232	23.1
21,067	2.4
22,299	13.6
18,095	9.4
23,429	2.6
19,464	-3.9
	49,769 55,074 69,130 26,279 47,232 21,067 22,299 18,095 23,429

Persons with low income after tax

	1993		1998	
	Estimated number income	Incidence of low	Estimated number income	Incidence of low
	'000	%	,000	%
Economic families				
Persons under 18 years	1,106	15.9	989	14.1
Persons 18 to 64 years	1,389	8.9	1,318	8.1
Elderly 65 years and over	71	3.3	74	3.0
All persons	3,744	13.1	3,669	12.2

Assets held in trusteed pension funds at market value



Labour force activity (annual averages)

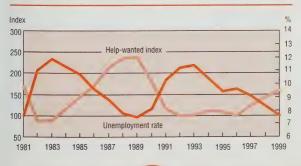
1994	1999	% change
'00	00	
14,627	15,721	7.5
8,052	8,534	6.0
6,574	7,187	9.3
13,112	14,531	10.8
7,178	7,866	9.6
5,934	6,665	12.3
1,515	1,190	-21.4
875	668	-23.6
640	522	-18.5
10.4	7.6	
10.9	7.8	
9.7	7.3	
	14,627 8,052 6,574 13,112 7,178 5,934 1,515 875 640 10.4 10.9	14,627 15,721 8,052 8,534 6,574 7,187 13,112 14,531 7,178 7,866 5,934 6,665 1,515 1,190 875 668 640 522 10.4 7.6 10.9 7.8

^{...} not appropriate or not applicable.

Labour force participation rates



Help-wanted index and unemployment rate



International comparisons

(International comparisons should be used to gain a general and other factors.)

	Unit
Area	sq. km ('000)
Population (1998) Growth rate Density	('000) 1997/98 (%) persons per sq. km
Vital statistics (1997) Infant mortality Life expectancy	% of life births at birth: males at birth: females
Gross Domestic Product (1999) GDP per capita * Average annual growth over ten years	\$US billion \$US 1989-99 (%)
Sectoral contributions (1998) Agriculture Industry Services	% of GDP % of GDP % of GDP
Consumer Price Index	December 1998-99 (% change), 1995=100
Labour markets (1998) Labour force Total civilian employment Unemployment rate ^f Female participation rate ^g	('000) ('000) (%) (%)
Energy (1998) Total consumption Total production	tonnes of oil equivalent (millions tonnes of oil equivalent (millions
Health and education Expenditure on health (1997) Expenditure on public education (1997)	% of GDP % of GDP
International merchandise trade (1998) Imports (c.i.f.: cost, insurance, freight) Exports (f.o.b.: free on board)	\$US billion \$US billion
Currency (exchange rate)	per US \$, December 1999

Notes: * at purchasing power parity exchange rates; .. not available; a. 1996; b. 1997; c. i divided by female population aged 15–64; h. data from Natural Resources Canada. Source: OECD in Figures, 2000 Edition.

on only, as there are differences in definition, data collection,

da	United States	France	Italy	United King- dom	Ger- many	Japan	Mexico
85 h	9,372	549	301	245	357	378	1,996
00	269,092	58,845	56,979	59,237	82,024	126,486	95,675
	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.3	2.3
	29	107	189	242	230	335	48
).6 ^a	0.8	0.5	0.6°	0.6	0.5	0.4	1.6
i.8	73.6 ^a	74.6	74.9°	74.3 ^a	74.1	77.2	70.4
.4	79.4	82.3	81.3°	79.5 ^a	80.3	83.8	76.7
4.0	9,980.4	1,434.0	1,162.0	1,422.9	2,108.9	4,380.1	475.1
00	33,900	21,900	21,800	22,300	23,600	24,500	8,100
2.1	4.1 ^d	1.6	1.3	1.9	0.6 ^e	1.7	3.3
9.9a	1.7 ^b	3.2	3.1	1.3	1.3	1.7 b	5.3
8.0	26.1 ^c	26.1	30.4	28.8	32.1	37.2 b	29.2
1.0	72.2 ^c	70.8	66.5	69.9	66.6	61.1 b	65.6
2.6	2.7	1.3	2.1	1.8	1.2	-1.1	12.3
92	138,897	25,869	23,549	28,944	39,804	67,690	38,244
26	131,463	22,382	20,157	27,009	35,715	64,900	37,137
3.3	4.5	11.8	12.2	6.3	9.3	4.1	2.9
9.4	71.3	60.2	45.0	67.2	63.1	63.9	42.8
54	1,429.66	160.86	128.89	158.97	243.19	336.54	97.47
67	1,695.43	125.53	29.05	274.23	131.46	109.96	228.19
9.1	13.9 6.9	9.6 6.3	7.6 4.8	6.9	10.7 5.7	7.2 4.8	4.7 5.5
1.4	944.4	286.0	215.6	320.3	471.6	280.6	125.3
	680.4	300.5	242.1	273.4	543.8	388.1	117.3
73	1.000	6.482	1,914	0.620	1.933	102.6	9.412

^{75-1999;} e. 1991-1999; f. national definitions; g. defined as female labour force of all ages

Employment by industry¹ (annual averages)

	1994	1999	% change
Goods producing sector	3,399,000	3,785,800	11.4
Agriculture	442,000	410,300	-7.2
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	281,800	267,500	-5.1
Utilities	126,500	115,800	-8.5
Construction	728,500	774,800	6.4
Manufacturing	1,820,300	2,217,400	21.8
Services producing sector	9,712,700	10,745,400	10.6
Trade	2,077,600	2,248,300	8.2
Transportation and warehousing	649,900	744,500	14.6
Finance, insurance and real estate	833,900	862,900	3.5
Professional, scientific and technical			
services	641,400	905,000	41.1
Educational services	928,900	982,600	5.8
Health care and social assistance	1,367,700	1,444,400	5.6
Accommodation and food services	807,100	924,800	14.6
Other services	1,565,200	1,858,700	18.8
Public administration	840,900	774,200	-7.9
Total	13,111,700	14,531,200	10.8

North American Industry Classification System.

Average weekly earnings¹ (in dollars)

	1998	1999	% change
Goods producing industries	776,46	775.70	-0.1
Logging and forestry	767.91	774.51	0.9
Mines, quarries and oil wells	1,111.82	1.112.94	0.1
Manufacturing	755.92	755.92	0.0
Non-durable goods	693.92	697.27	0.5
Durable goods	804.30	801.43	-0.4
Construction	697.57	699.92	0.3
Services producing industries	553.87	559.49	1.0
Transportation, communication			
and utilities	766.68	772.46	0.8
Trade	467.77	472.96	1.1
Finance, insurance and real estate	754.62	762.28	1.0
Community, business and			
personal services	507.09	513.60	1.3
Public administration	737.53	740.87	0.5
Industrial aggregate	606.32	610.67	0.7

^{1 1980} Standard Industry Classification.

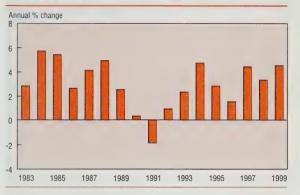
Wage settlements¹

	1007	1997	1000	1000
	1996	1997	1998	1999
All industries	0.9	1.6	1.6	2.2
Commercial industries	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.5
Non-commercial industries	0.5	1.1	1.5	1.9

Effective annual % increase in base rates.

Source: Human Resources Development Canada.

Canada's gross domestic product at 1992 prices



Gross domestic product (GDP) at market prices

	1997	1998	1999
		\$ millions	
GDP at 1992 constant prices	815,013 4.4	842,002	880,254 4.5
Annual % change GDP at current prices	877.921	901,805	957.911

Labour income

	1998	1999	% change
	\$ m	illions	
Agriculture, fishing and trapping	3,846	3,767	-2.1
Logging and forestry	2,984	3,013	1.0
Mines, quarries and oil wells	9,802	9,648	-1.6
Manufacturing	77,562	82,468	6.3
Construction	24,335	26,400	8.5
Transportation, storage,			
communication and utilities	37,332	39,160	4.9
Trade	60,633	64,138	5.8
Finance, insurance			
and real estate	38,137	40,104	5.2
Community, business and			
personal services	134,867	141,937	5.2
Public administration	29,692	30,743	3.5
Labour income ¹	474,571	498,836	5.1

Includes supplementary labour income.

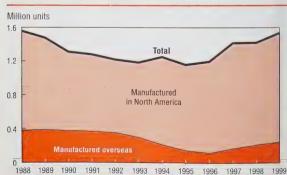
Consumer Price Index (1992=100)

	1996	1997	1998	1999
	F	Annual %	change	
Allitems	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.7
Food	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.3
Shelter	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.4
Household operations and furnishing	2.1	1.2	1.5	0.7
Clothing and footwear	-0.3	1.3	1.2	1.3
Transportation	3.9	3.1	-0.8	3.3
Health and personal care	0.6	1.7	2.1	1.9
Recreation, education and reading	2.4	2.5	2.3	1.8
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products	2.0	3.1	3.7	2.1

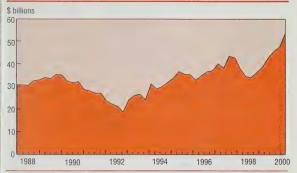
Retail trade, 1999

Trade group	Value	%
	\$ millions	
Automotive	102,315	39.2
Food	58,889	22.6
General merchandise	29,990	11.5
Clothing and shoes	14,334	5.5
Drug	13,335	5.1
Furniture and appliances	13,654	5.2
Other	28,174	10.8
Total	260,691	100.0

New motor vehicles sold in Canada



Quarterly operating profits of Canadian enterprises¹



North American Industry Classification System.

Manufacturing industries

	1997	1998	1999
		\$ millions	
Shipments	435,031	448,753	490,343
Annual % change	6.9	3.2	9.3
New orders	445,826	456,569	494,656
Month-end inventory	48,126	50,098	54,543
Annual % change	5.1	4.1	8.9
Ratio of inventories owned to			
shipments	1.35	1.33	1.32
Month-end unfilled orders	42,457	50,273	54,565

Capacity utilization rates in manufacturing industries

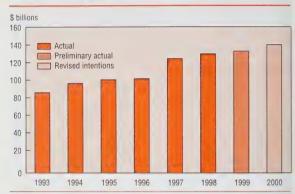


Motor vehicle production

	1997	1998	1999
Passenger cars	1,200,205	1,302,065	1,481,538
Trucks and vans	1,207,364	1,050,389	1,253,719
Canadian production	2,407,569	2,352,454	2,735,257
Annual % change	10.4	-2.3	16.3

Source: Canadian Vehicle Manufacturers' Association.

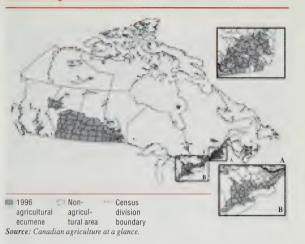
New investment in plant and equipment



Capital expenditures on construction

	1996	1997	% change
	\$ n	nillions	
Residential construction	32,575.2	37,406.5	14.8
Single-detached houses	10,874.9	12,161.4	11.8
Semi-detached	802.4	1,054.0	31.4
Apartment and row	3,141.9	3,696.0	17.6
Other	17,755.9	20,494.0	15.4
Non-residential construction	18,437.3	18,407.7	-0.2
Industrial	4,226.6	4,057.2	-4.0
Commercial	6,944.8	7,209.8	3.8
Institutional	4,906.3	4,792.0	-2.3
Other	2,359.7	2,348.6	-0.5
Total building construction	51,012.6	55,814.1	9.4
Total engineering construction	29,275.6	33,864.9	15.7
Total expenditures	80,288,2	89,679.0	11.7

Canada's agricultural land



The agricultural ecumene

An ecumene is a cartographic tool for creating a highly generalized map of land use—in this case showing areas of significant agricultural activity. Canada's agricultural land represents only 7.5% of its total land area, although by province the percentage ranges from almost half (Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan) to negligible (Newfoundland).

Average area of farms

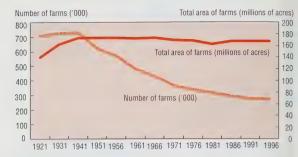
	Average area of farms (acres)		
	1921	1941	1996
Canada 1	198	237	608
Newfoundland			146
Prince Edward Island	89	96	296
Nova Scotia	100	116	237
New Brunswick	116	124	280
Quebec	125	117	237
Ontario	114	126	206
Manitoba	274	291	784
Saskatchewan	369	432	1,152
Alberta	353	434	881
British Columbia	130	153	286

¹ excluding Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

^{..} figures not available.

¹ acre = 0.404 685 6 hectares.

Number and area of farms, Canada, 1921 to 1996



Note: Censuses of Agriculture were held every 10 years until 1951 and every 5 years after 1951.

 $1 \ acre = 0.404 \ 685 \ 6 \ hectares.$

Farm population, Canada

Total population ¹	11,489,713	28,751,595
Total farm population ¹	3,152,449	851,410
Farm population as a percent of total population	27.4%	3.0%

excluding Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

Operating arrangements of farms, Canada

	1976	1986	1996
Individual or family farm	92.0%	82.2%	60.8%
Partnership with a written agreement	3.5%	4.1%	7.0%
Partnership without a written agreement	**	7.6%	20.0%
Family corporation	3.5%	5.1%	9.8%
Non-family corporation	0.6%	0.4%	2.0%
Other types	0.3%	0.5%	0.3%

[·] figures not available.

Agriculture

	1997	1998	% change
	\$ m	illions	
Total cash receipts - Operating expenses after rebates = Net cash income	30,061 23,167 6,895	29,648 23,398 6,250	-1.4 1.0 -9.3
+ Income in kind - Depreciation charges = Realized net income	158 3,598 3,455	152 3,731 2,671	-3.8 3.7 -22.7
+ Value of inventory change	-1,043	197	
= Total net farm income	2,412	2,868	18.9

^{...} not appropriate or not applicable.

Farm operating revenues and expenses, 1998

	Number of farms	Operating revenues	Operating expenses
***************************************		\$ millions	
Farm type			
Grain and oilseed	95,495	10,424	8,082
Cattle	63,395	8,541	7,980
Dairy	20,255	4,562	3,429
Hogs	7,175	2,930	2,799
Poultry and eggs	4,210	2,272	1,982
Greenhouse and nursery	3,685	1,572	1,374
Fruit and vegetable	7,860	1,221	1,045
Livestock combination	1,915	745	599
Potato	1,530	693	585
Tobacco	1,720	410	317
Other farm types	22,990	2,081	1,828
Canada, total	230,230	35,447	30,018

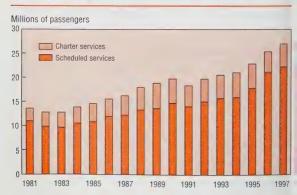
Oil and gas extraction industry			
	1998	1999	% change
Crude oil and equivalent			
Volume (m ³ thousands)	128,401.1	122,447.5	-4.6
Value (\$ millions)	12,940.1	18,894.0	46.0
Natural gas			
Volume (m ³ millions)	160,514.5	163,384.4	1.8
Value (\$ millions)	10,893.5	13,696.0	25.7
Natural gas by-products			
Volume (m ³ thousands)	26,665.5	26,074.6	-2.2
Value (\$ millions)	1,763.1	2,347.3	33.1

Transportation and telecommunications

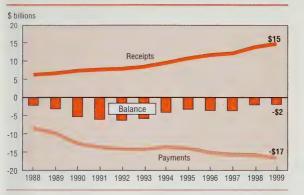
	1997	1998	% change
Airlines	'00	0,000	
Operating revenues (\$)	7,128.7	7,464.0	4.7
Operating expenses (\$)	6,694.8	7,382.9	10.3
Passengers	24.4	24.6	0.8
Passenger-km	62,479	64,426	3.1
Cargo	,		
Kilograms	450	431	-4.2
Tonne-kilometres	2,059	2,341	13.7
Marine transport			
Cargo handled at			
Canadian ports			
International (tonnes)	283.8	279.4	-1.6
Domestic (tonnes)	93.4	95.9	2.7
Motor carriers			
Inter-city trucking			
Freight (tonnes)	223.3	233.9	4.8
Tonne-kilometres	130,854	138,090	5.5
Telecommunications			
Revenue (\$)	22,835.9		
Local (\$)	7,396.6		
Long distance (\$)	7,520.1		
Railways	ĺ		
Operating revenues (\$)	7,887.8	7,574.5	-4.0
Freight (\$)	7,067.6	6,786.6	-4.0
Passenger (\$)	199.1	207.5	4.2
Freight tonne-km	306,943	299,508	-2.4
Passenger-km	1,515	1,458	-3.8

^{..} not available.

Passengers flying between Canada and other countries



International travel balances



Trips to Canada of one or more nights

Top 10 countries	1998	1999	change
Country of residence			
United States	14,892,000	15,179,900	1.9
United Kingdom	747,300	780,300	4.4
Japan	483,800	516,100	6.7
France	402,000	413,900	3.0
Germany	378,600	392,500	3.7
Taiwan-Formosa	123,200	155,000	25.8
Australia	144,500	152,400	5.5
Hong Kong	147,900	134,100	-9.3
Mexico	111,800	127,000	13.6
Netherlands	110,200	120,800	9.6

International transactions in securities

	1997	1998	1999
		\$ millions	
Foreign investment in Canadian sec	curities		
Bonds (net)	5,495	11,677	4,643
Money market paper (net)	2,766	53	-13,415
Stocks (net)	7,645	13,629	14,063
Total	15,906	25,359	5,290
Canadian investment in foreign sec		,	- ,
Bonds (net)	-6,642	-7,064	-2,362
Stocks (net)	-5,207	-15,433	-20,536
Total	-11,849	-22,497	-22,898

Notes: Net is the "sales to" less the "purchases from" non-residents. A minus sign indicates an outflow of money from Canada.

Federal general government finance, fiscal year 1999-00

	\$ millions	% of total
Revenues		
Income taxes	108,301	62.8
Consumption taxes	34,940	20.3
Other taxes	1,074	0.6
Contributions to Social Insurance Plans	18,685	10.8
Sales of goods and services	3,730	2.2
Investment income	4,674	2.7
Other revenues	572	0.3
General purpose transfers	532	0.3
Specific purpose transfers	24	0.0
Total revenues	172,532	100.0
Expenditures		
Ĝeneral government services	6,047	3.6
Protection of persons and property	18,405	10.8
Transportation and communication	1,530	0.9
Healtĥ	1,710	1.0
Social services	50,252	29.6
Education	4,434	2.6
Resource conservation and industrial development	6,236	3.7
Environment	1,441	0.8
Recreation and culture	3,050	1.8
Labour, employment and immigration	2,213	1.3
Housing	1,928	1.1
Foreign affairs and international assistance	4,623	2.7
Regional planning and development	439	0.3
Research establishments	1,813	1.1
General purpose transfers	24,260	14.3
Debt charges	41,565	24.5
Other expenditures	20	0.0
Total expenditures	169,966	100.0

Interest rates

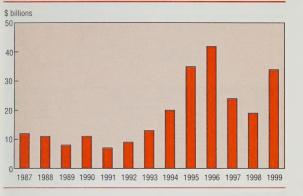
Surplus (deficit)

	1996	1997	1998	1999
Bank rate	4.53	3.52	5.10	4.92
Prime rate	6.06	4.96	6.60	6.44
90-day Treasury bills				
Average	4.31	3.21	4.74	4.70
End of period	4.21	3.26	4.73	4.72
90-day commercial paper	4.35	3.61	5.05	4.94
Conventional mortgages	1100	0101	0100	
1-vear	6.19	5.54	6.50	6.80
5-year	7.92	7.07	6.93	7.56
Long-term Canada bonds	7.50	6.42	5.46	5.69

2,566

Source: derived from Bank of Canada data.

Canada's merchandise trade balance



International trade in goods

(\$ millions, balance of payments basis)

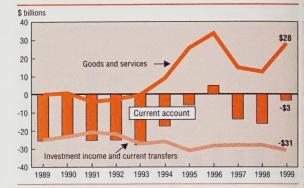
	1997	1998	1999
Exports	301,544	322,517	360,609
Imports	277,751	303,420	326,821
Balance	23,793	19,097	33,788

Major trading partners, 1999

Evports of goods

Exports of goods	\$ IIIIIIONS	7/0
United States	309,397	85.8
Japan	9,218	2.6
European Union	18,210	5.1
Other OECD	7,161	2.0
Other countries	16,603	4.6
All countries	360,589	100.0
Imports of goods	\$ millions	%
United States	249,325	76.3
Japan	10,594	3.2
European Union	28,432	8.7
Other OECD	13,254	4.1
Other countries	25,216	7.7
All countries	326,821	100.0

Current account balances



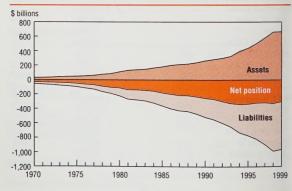
Exchange rates¹

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
US dollar	1.373	1.364	1.384	1.483	1.486
British pound	2.167	2.128	2.268	2.459	2.404
French franc	0.275	0.267	0.238	0.252	0.242
German mark	0.959	0.907	0.799	0.845	0.810
Japanese yen	0.01470	0.01255	0.01145	0.01139	0.01311
Euro	***				1.585
C-6 index ²	86.82	88.21	88.07	82.70	82.14

¹ Canadian dollars per unit.

Source: Bank of Canada.

Canada's investment position with the rest of the world



² 1992=100. A rise in the index indicates an increase in the Canadian dollar; ...not appropriate or not applicable.

Count yourself in on Census Day, Tuesday, May 15, 2001!

What is a Census?

A census provides a statistical portrait of a country and its people. Over 90 percent of all countries carry out a census to count their population and to collect important information about the people living in its various regions.

In Canada the census is conducted every five years. The next Canadian census is May 15, 2001 and all households will receive a census questionnaire which is to be answered and mailed back to Statistics Canada by Census Day.

Why is the Census important?

The national census provides a unique source of information about Canada and its population. The census is the only source of reliable detailed data for small groups (such as lone-parent families and ethnic groups) and for areas as small as a city neighbourhood or as large as the country itself.

Census results are used to:

- make decisions about Canada's economic and social needs
- allocate seats in the House of Commons
- calculate federal transfer payments to the provinces and territories
- develop programs such as daycare and subsidized housing
- assess the need for community programs and services

Statistics Canada Education Site:

If you would like to learn how to collect and use data or want help with your homework, go to the Statistics Canada Web site at www.statcan.ca and follow the links for education.

Everyone in Canada counts!

The success of the census depends on the participation of everyone who lives in Canada.

Don't forget to "count yourself in" on Census Day, May 15, 2001!





May 15 Count yourself in!